

I will start by presenting you the needed materials to accomplish this project.

You will need 0000 steel wool, 1 sheet of galvanized steel, 1 roll of bitumen roof insulation, and a couple of EPS boards or other non-conductive material.



I will start by measuring and cutting the steel sheet to obtain a cube without a lid.



The cube should be 18 by 18 inches at the exterior and 16 x 16 inches at the interior, depending the type of insulating material you'll be using.

After marking, using the steel scissors I begin cutting the steel sheet.



Now I am making the measurement for the sides of this cube.



After doing that, I cut the excess from each corner and obtain the unwrapped 5 sides of the cube.



I bend each side in order to obtain a box.



I will add a steel ribbon on the top of the box to strengthen.



I drill 5mm holes to insert popping rivets securing the steel ribbon to the steel cube.



The aluminum rivets can be flattened using the hammer.



To have nice corners on our box, I am using Scotch Tape.



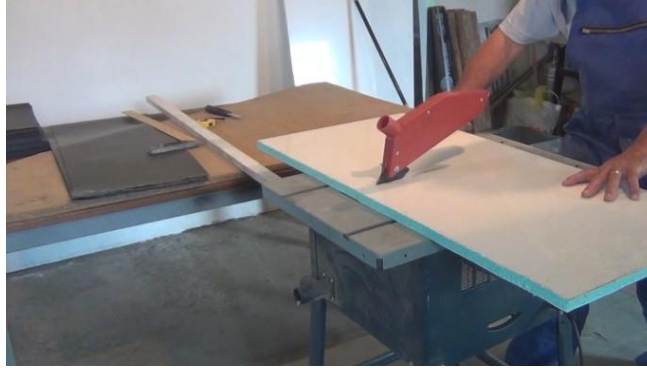
For the lid, I will be using one of the pieces that has been cut out from the corners of the big sheet.



I begin cutting the bitumen in stripes which will be placed inside. In the PDF file you will find detailed schemes and dimensions on how the layers of bitumen and steel wall are arranged.



I cut the EPS board to size now.



I will cut some wood pieces 2 x 2 x 16 inches which I will use to secure the EPS in place with screws.

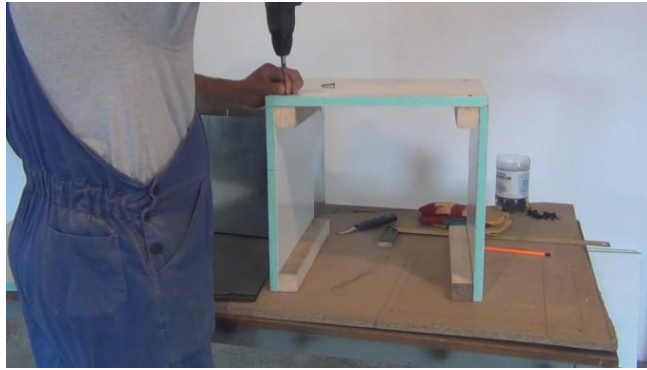


Using screws, I attach the EPS to the wood piece.





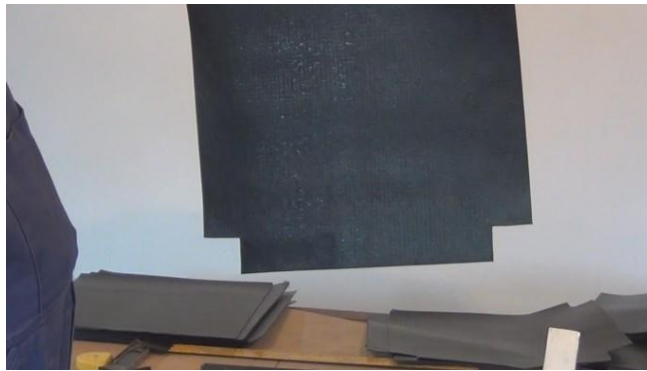
Now, I just insert the screws and build the box.



I insert the screws for the bottom part as well.

If you followed the dimensions from the PDF book, everything should come together pretty easily.

I have created a template to cut the corners of the bitumen pieces which will be placed at the bottom of the orgone box.



To form the insulation of the orgone box, I have to put together 10 layers of bitumen which is the separator and steel wool.



So between each layer of bitumen, you add one of steel wool. A total of 20 layers for the insulation.

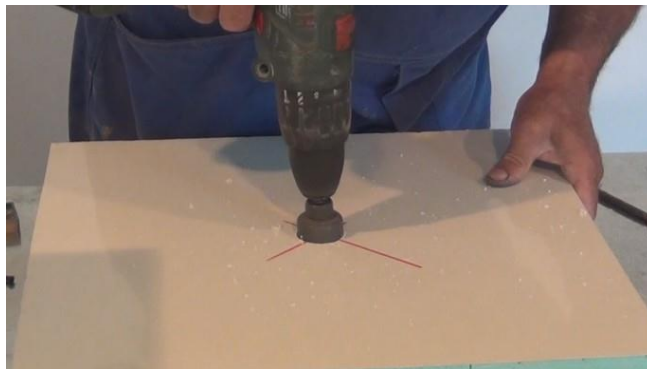


You need to do that for each side, and the bottom as well.

For the top I will be creating a special lid with a hose used to protect the wires inside the walls. It has an iron protection inside and it's insulated with plastic.

The steel wool layers should face the steel cube from the inside.

I will cut a hole into the EPS to get hose through.



Make sure you wear protecting gloves when cutting through the steel sheet.



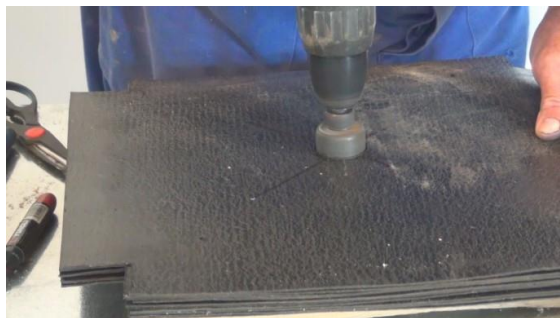
I mark where the steel sheet should be placed in order to be aligned with the EPS board.



Now I am making marks where I should drill holes for the screws.



The hose should come through the layers of bitumen and steel wool as well. So I measure and mark the center of the bitumen pieces and drill the hole.





Now I build the insulation layers.



I create a template for the holes on one of the bitumen protection layers so I can insert screws for securing the layers to the lid.



I am making the holes bigger to get the screws and the protection through.



From a rubber hose, I cut some pieces to insulate the screws from the steel wool.



I put a piece of hose on the steel sheet, I will get the wires through that and I don't want the sharp edge to cut through the wire.

I lay the steel sheet over to mark the holes on this bitumen sheet as well.

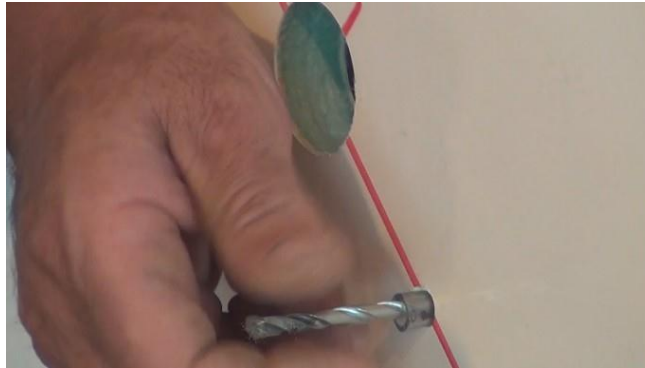


I will do the same with the other 8 layers to complete the lid of this orgone generator.

I place the steel layer on top and secure it in place with screws, tightening the insulation layers as well.



I take out the drill bits now, which I used to keep the protection hoses straight.



I am using this protection hose which has an iron protection layer and it's perfect for our device which has to conduct the orgone energy inside the box, allowing the circuit to pick it up.



The orgone energy is also used for a lot of different things. If you do a search on google, you will find a lot of information about this awesome device.

It offers you protection against harmful electromagnetic radiation (AKA EMF EMR and EMP),

-Balances and enhances the biophysical energy field

-Promotes mental clarity focus and concentration

-Creates a calmer home and work environment Transmutes negative energy / assists you in keeping a positive, clear thought process

-Clears negative energies of cosmic origin

-Rapid revitalisation of the organism ...

It's a very long list which you will find online if you type "Orgone Energy Benefits"

We are just showing you how you can benefit from transforming it into electricity.

I will connect now the hose protection to the lid using a popping rivet.



This will ensure a solid contact between both parts.

I will build a cone made of steel.



I've made a template from a piece of sponge flooring, you can use a piece of paper or anything it comes handy for you.



I mark and cut the piece of steel to the shape of my template.



I bend the margin in order to bend it over the other side and make it stay in the right shape.



To obtain a nice and rounded shape, I will use a steel pipe and the hammer to model the cone.





After I've obtained the right shape, I start bending the margins getting a nice bond.



To shape the cone even further, I will secure the steel pipe in the vise and round the straight edges that have formed when bending the material.



I cut the excess material from both sides using the angle grinder.



I've found a piece of steel which will fit nicely into my cone and it also fits inside the protection tube coming from the orgone box.



I fix that in place using small popping rivets.



I will apply some silicone to make it water tight, not sure if it's necessary as it wasn't specified in the plans, but I am sure that it can't do any harm. I guess that the cone shape is the one that's directing the orgone waves inside the box.



After the silicone harden, the cone stay's attached to the hose.

I've found out that a rubber paint should be applied to offer a grade of insulation to the cone.



Now, it's time to create the circuit which will transform the orgone energy into electricity.

As I said, you can find a lot more benefits using this energy, and electricity is one of them.

I am using 3 non-polarized capacitors which I will connect together.



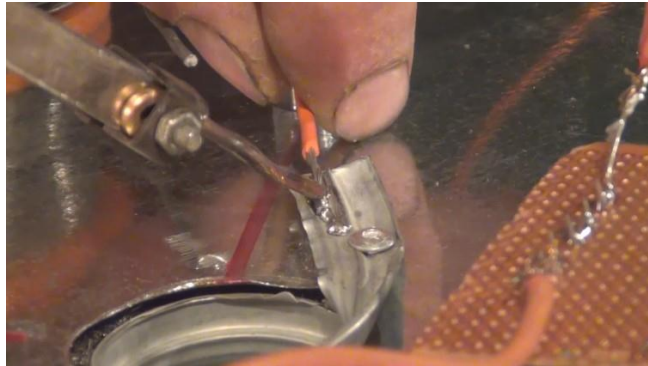
2 diodes and 2 x 50 V polarized capacitors connected in series.

I am using 2 diodes to direct the current from the non-polarized capacitors to the polarized ones.

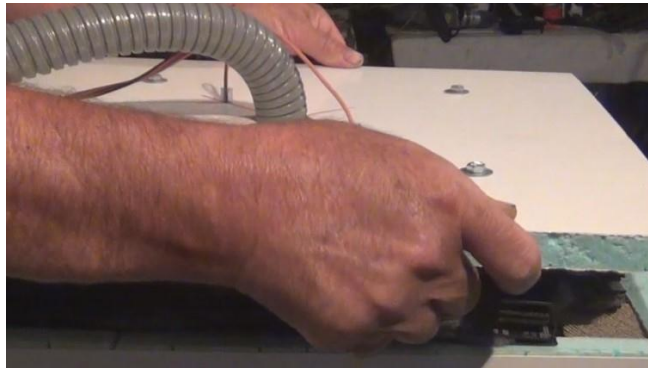
The wires which will exit the box are connected to the polarized capacitors.



Another wire should be connected to the steel box which will capture the energy trapped inside, transforming it into electricity.



I will close the lid now and go outside for a test.



We are outside now and I've raised the tube in the air.



You can see that we get electricity building into the circuit. It actually got up to 10 volts.



Not sure what's happening inside the circuit, I guess the energy is released after it builds into the capacitors and we are getting fluctuations of electricity.

To make use of this energy, you will need to use a charge controller and connect it to a battery. The battery can withstand to this type of fluctuations and charge well.

I hope that you enjoyed this video guide and that you will get all the benefits of using orgone energy.

I wish you all the best!